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Securities code:	9348; Growth Market
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Notice regarding Completion of “Success 6” for Mission 2

ispace inc. (“ispace”) hereby announces that it has completed Success 6 (Completion of all Deep-Space Orbital Control Maneuvers*¹ before Lunar Orbit Insertion (“LOI”)) for Mission 2 “SMBC x HAKUTO-R VENTURE MOON” (“Mission 2”) as below.

1. Progress of Mission 2 (as of April 25, 2025)

As announced on February 17, 2025, ispace had completed Success 5 (Completion of Lunar Flyby*²), the first lunar flyby by a commercial lunar lander developed by a private company. Since then, the RESILIENCE lander has continued its deep space journey, spending approximately two months in a low-energy transfer orbit before reaching a distance of approximately 1.1 million km from Earth, the farthest point from Earth. In the evening of April 24, 2025 (Japan Standard Time), the RESILIENCE Lander completed all planned deep space orbit control maneuvers in advance of a planned lunar orbit insertion. The RESILIENCE Lander will finally be returning to the Moon.

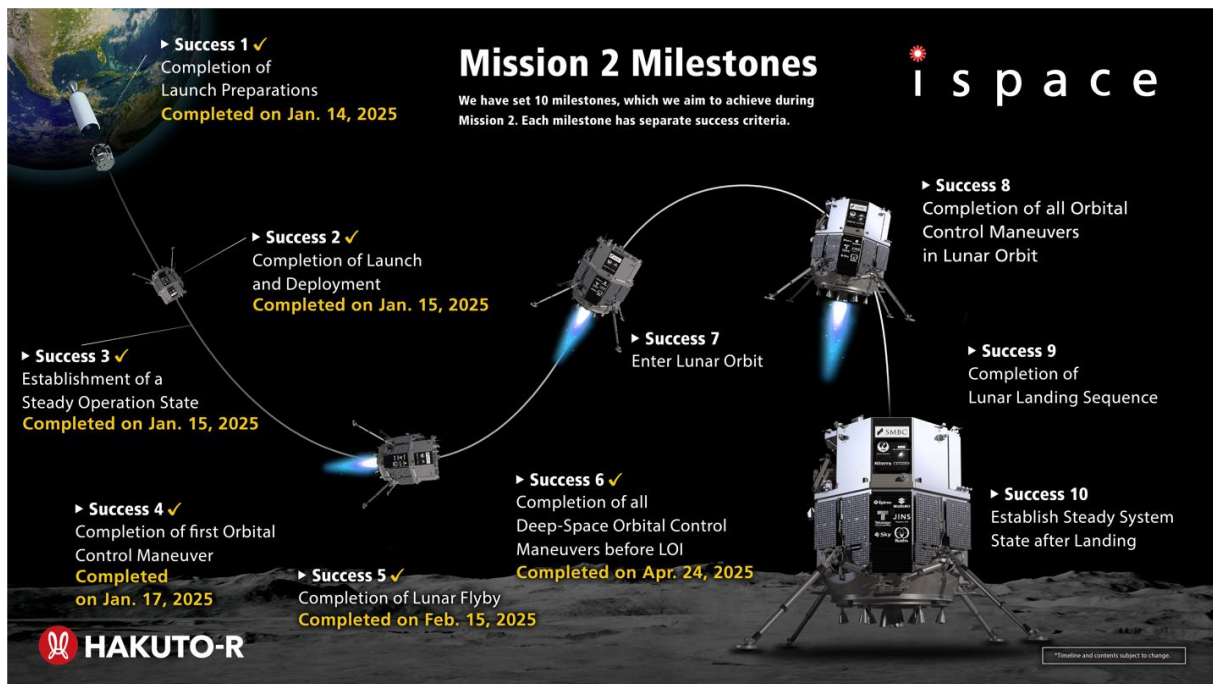
**1 Orbital maneuver: the process of changing the attitude, position, or orbit etc. of a spacecraft by controlling actuators (devices that convert energy into motion) of a system such as propulsions*

**2 Flyby: Flyby is a term used to describe spaceflight in which a spacecraft passes close to a celestial body. It is a type of navigation that uses the gravity of a passing celestial body to change its orbit to explore that celestial body or to reach another destination*

2. Impact on financial results

There is no impact of this announcement on our consolidated financial results.

3. (Reference) Mission 2 Milestones



Milestone		Expected completion date	Success Criteria
Success 1 (Complete)	Completion of Launch Preparations	Launch - 2-3 days	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete all development processes of the RESILIENCE lunar lander before flight operations Contract and prepare launch vehicle, and complete integration of lunar lander into the launch vehicle Prove ability to flexibly manufacture and assemble landers in various geographic locations of the world
Success 2 (Complete)	Completion of Launch and Deployment	Launch + 1 hour	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete successful separation of the lunar lander from the launch vehicle Reaffirm that ispace's lander design and structure is capable of withstanding the harsh conditions during launch on its second mission, offering valuable information towards future development and missions
Success 3 (Complete)	Establishment of Steady Operation State	Launch + several hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish communication link between the lander and Mission Control Center, confirm a stable attitude as well as start stable generation of electrical power in orbit
Success 4 (Complete)	Completion of first Orbital Control Maneuver	Launch + 1-2 days	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete the first orbit control maneuver, setting the lander on a course towards the Moon
Success 5 (Complete)	Completion of Lunar Flyby	Launch + 1 month	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete a lunar flyby approximately one month after launch

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begin Deep Space Flight operations
Success 6 (Complete)	Completion of all Deep-Space Orbital Control Maneuvers before LOI	Launch + 3-3.5 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete all planned deep space orbit control maneuvers by utilizing gravity assist effects and successfully target the first lunar orbit insertion maneuver • Reaffirm the deep-space survivability of ispace's lander designs, as well as the viability of ispace's lunar planning
Success 7	Enter Lunar Orbit	Launch + 4 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete the first lunar orbit insertion maneuver and confirm the lander is in a lunar orbit • Reaffirm the ability of ispace to deliver spacecraft and payloads into stable lunar orbits
Success 8	Completion of all Orbital Control Maneuvers in lunar orbit	Launch + 4.5 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete all planned lunar orbital control maneuvers before the landing sequence • Confirm the lander is ready to start the landing sequence
Success 9	Completion of Lunar Landing Sequence	Launch + 4.5 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete the landing sequence, verifying key landing abilities for future missions
Success 10	Establish Steady System State after Landing	Launch + 4.5 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish a steady telecommunication and power supply for the lander on the lunar surface after landing

4. (Reference) Mission 2 Overview

Mission 2

Mission Description

- The RESILIENCE lander, with hardware validated through Mission 1, will be utilized aiming to improve mission maturity and complete validation of lunar landing technology
- TENACIOUS micro rover developed by European entity will be validated for the first time, contributing to future lunar surface exploration
- Transaction of lunar regolith will be executed between NASA and ispace


Lander etc. to be used

RESILIENCE Lander

Size
Approx. 2.3m tall by 2.6m wide (legs deployed)

Mass
Approx. 1,000kg (Wet: fully fueled)
Approx. 340kg (Dry: unfueled)

Design Payload Capacity
Up to 30kg




TENACIOUS Micro Rover

Design
Lightweight to withstand vibrations during transit to the lunar surface

Mass
Approx. 5kg


Design Payload Capacity
Up to 1kg




Payload Customers

Total Contract Amount:
Approx.


\$ 16 MM⁽²⁾




Takasago Thermal Engineering
Water-splitting experiment




euglena
Lunar algae-cultivation equipment



Deep Space Radiation Probe



"Space Century Charter" plate



Moon House (artwork)

(1) The values are rounded off to integral values